

Community Services

Providing community services such as broadband, policing, education, healthcare, recreation, and Family and Community Support Services (FCSS) supports community viability and makes rural municipalities attractive places to live and grow. Although providing many of these services in rural areas requires innovative strategies and partnerships, rural municipalities strive to make their communities great places to live and invest.

What is RMA's position on the importance of community services in rural municipalities?

- Community services are proven economic drivers. For Alberta's rural municipalities to offer a quality of life that will attract and retain residents and business development, strong community services must be available.
- Rural municipalities do not have the economies of scale to deliver some community services and often establish innovative collaborative agreements with neighbouring municipalities or local non-profit organizations to ensure their residents' needs are met.
- Community services often look different in rural areas than in urban areas. It is important that rural communities have the autonomy to offer services in a way that meets the local needs of their residents.

What financial considerations do rural municipalities have with respect to the provision of community services?

- Cost-sharing and other inter-municipal agreements (e.g. Intermunicipal Collaborative Frameworks [ICFs]) allows municipalities to work together to provide quality community services to their residents at a regional level.
- The local availability of community and health services is strongly linked to rural economic and community development. Funding for services that make municipalities attractive as places to live and work must be prioritized by all levels of government to promote economic investment in rural areas (e.g. rural schools, family and community support services, policing, broadband).
- The sustainability of rural municipalities relies on attracting a qualified workforce to provide community services. Having programs in place to attract and retain workers contributes to the success and viability of rural Alberta.

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What collaborative relationships are essential to developing quality rural community services?

- Due to low population densities, providing some services in rural areas may require innovative solutions including regional service delivery and cost-sharing arrangements with urban neighbours. These arrangements may be determined at the local level through Intermunicipal Collaboration Frameworks (ICFs) or other means.
- Many community services require collaboration among the Government of Alberta, the local municipality, and one or more non-profit organizations. It is critical that all organizations involved in the delivery of community services have a shared voice as to how the service is delivered within the community.
- Municipalities also work with other organizations and companies to support rural community development (e.g. school boards, library boards, community groups, internet service providers).

How does the work of RMA support the sustainability of rural community services?

- Through advocacy efforts, RMA works to increase awareness and support the sustainability of community services (e.g. rural broadband member survey, input into SuperNet operating agreement, advocacy related to rural crime).
- RMA champions the rural municipal perspective on community services through regular participation in province-wide committees (e.g. Alternative Transportation for Seniors Advisory Committee, ALERT Civilian Advisory Committee).

What current community service-related issues are impacting rural Alberta?

Broadband

- Broadband internet access is essential to rural community-building and to attracting qualified professionals and industry to rural areas.
- The Canadian Radio-television and Telecommunications Commission's (CRTC) declaration of broadband as a basic telecommunication service, and decision to increase the minimum connectivity speed threshold for an area to be considered "serviced" by broadband are both positive steps towards a consistent level of broadband service across Canada.
- Any funding programs developed by the Canadian Radio-television and Telecommunications Commission (CRTC) related to improving service in underserved areas must focus

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on isolated rural areas with the poorest connectivity speeds, and not allow funding recipients to only target areas that are slightly below the minimum threshold.

- To this point, the Alberta SuperNet has not been an effective tool to support rural final mile broadband access. However, the RMA is optimistic that Service Alberta's creation of a new SuperNet operating agreement will lead to the SuperNet realizing its potential to support rural broadband access throughout Alberta.

Rural Crime Prevention

- As rural crime rates have increased recently in many areas of Alberta, the Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP) and Government of Alberta must collaborate with rural municipalities to seek local strategies to prevent and report criminal activities.
- The Government of Alberta's rural crime action plan and associated funding commitment have the potential to significantly reduce rural crime rates. To be successful, the action plan must include a role for municipalities and local organizations to report on crime and provide feedback on the action plan's effectiveness.
- Community input must be at the heart of a municipality's relationship with local RCMP.
- Many rural municipalities currently contribute to the funding of police administration staff, community peace officers, and, in some cases, police headquarters.
- RMA does not support downloading of additional costs of funding front-line police services onto property tax payers in rural municipalities.
- If increased funding responsibility is downloaded onto rural municipalities, it must be accompanied by improved service and more local input into policing practices.

Seniors

- Aging in place and living independently are important strategies for providing seniors with an opportunity to age with dignity. Funding for home care, assisted living, and accessible transportation for seniors are all key components to supporting rural Alberta's aging population.
- Additional funding is needed to support small seniors' lodges to improve the ability of rural residents to live in supported faculties within their home communities.
- The safety and quality of seniors' lodges are a concern throughout Alberta. Consistent funding for upgrading seniors lodges to



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meet current building and fire safety codes will benefit rural municipalities by allowing community members to safely remain in their communities.

Education

- Constructive partnerships between municipalities and school boards are essential to selecting and servicing proper school sites and recruiting qualified teachers.
- Rural schools are integral to rural community viability, but many are closing due to low enrollment. This results in increased travel times for students, negates municipal investments into supporting infrastructure, and compromises the retention of rural residents.

Libraries

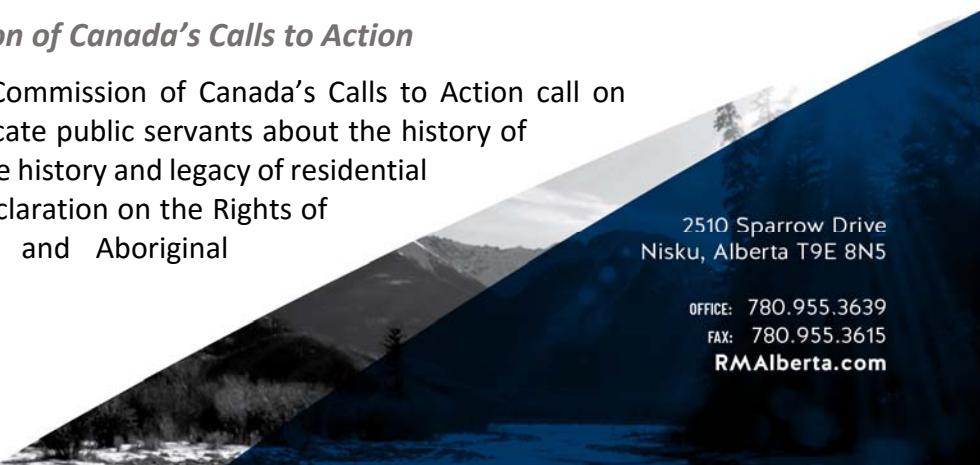
- In many cases, rural libraries serve as community hubs, particularly for new Albertans. As such, a consistent and long-term approach to library funding that recognizes a continuously growing population is needed in order to sustain rural libraries as hubs of information, distance learning, and community-building.
- RMA is pleased by the Government of Alberta's increased funding support to Alberta's regional library system in the 2017-18 provincial budget. The RMA is hopeful that this increase is the first step in a sustainable funding regime for Alberta's rural libraries.

Family and Community Support Services (FCSS)

- Social needs vary across the province. FCSS providers need greater autonomy to properly respond to community demand for such services.
- RMA is pleased by the Government of Alberta's increased financial commitment to Family and Community Support Services (FCSS). However, the FCSS Regulation lacks the flexibility that rural FCSS providers need to ensure that they provide the services needed in their communities. RMA looks forward to future discussions on how the FCSS Regulation can be amended to support flexibility and standardize reporting requirements.
- The current economic situation in Alberta is creating increased pressure on social services. Continued support for these programs during this economic downturn is essential.

Truth and Reconciliation Commission of Canada's Calls to Action

- The Truth and Reconciliation Commission of Canada's Calls to Action call on municipal governments to educate public servants about the history of Aboriginal peoples, including the history and legacy of residential schools, the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, Treaties and Aboriginal



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POSITION STATEMENT

rights, Indigenous law, and Aboriginal-Crown relations. RMA plays a role in ensuring the staff of our association are well informed on matters relating to the Indigenous Peoples of Alberta.

- RMA understands the importance of the Calls to Action and is in a position to support member municipalities in providing guidance of where to access resources and training opportunities to respond to the Calls to Action.

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